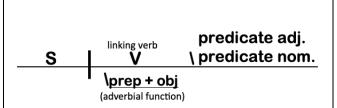
Types of Verbs Examples

Linking Verbs

beappearlookstay¹am arebecomeremaintaste²are arefeelseem³is aregrowsound



A linking verb is

- not an action verb
- not transitive (no d.o.)

It expresses a state or a condition.

It is followed by:

- a noun-the predicate nominative, PN
- an adjective-the predicate adjective, PA

Both the PN and PA describe the subject.

- the PN renames the subject
- the PA describes the subject

"be" - the most common linking verb.

Genesis 2:1a

"The earth was a formless and desolate emptiness."

Q: What renames the subject - the earth?

A: a formless and desolate <u>emptiness</u> ← pred. nom.

noun

Diagram

The earth was a formless and desolate emptiness.

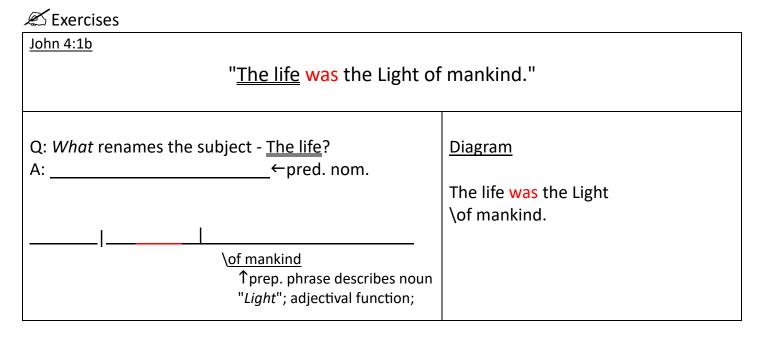
The earth | was \ emptiness

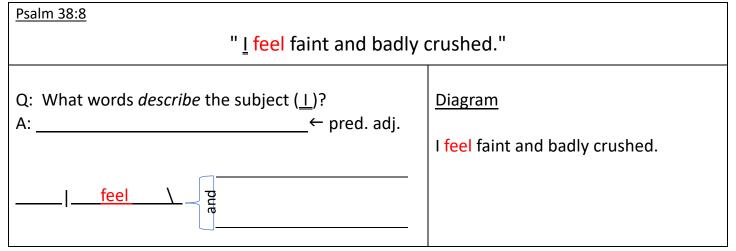
\a formless and \desolate

↑ 2 adjectives ↑ of the noun "emptiness"

Example

=7.6 6.0	
<u>Psalm 143:4</u>	
" <u>My spirit</u> feels weak within me."	
Q: What word <i>describes</i> the subject - <u>My spirit</u> ?	
A: weak ← pred. adj.	<u>Diagram</u>
My spirit feels \ weak	My spirit feels weak
\within me	\within me.
†prep. phrase tells "where" my spirit	
feels weak; adverbial function;	





Prepositional Phrase Used as an Adjective

"The man has become like one of Us."	
Q: What describes the subject - <u>The man</u> ? A: <u>"like one of Us"</u> ← pred. adjective \like one \like one \like one \like \lambda \like one \like \li	Diagram The man has become \like one \of Us.